**Unit 1 - Social Media**

1. **accountable** *(adj)* – responsible for actions.  
   *Teachers are accountable for their students’ progress.*
2. **addictive** *(adj)* – causing dependence.  
   *Video games can be addictive.*
3. **agenda** *(noun)* – a list of things to do.  
   *The manager set the agenda for the meeting.*
4. **coin** *(verb)* – to invent a word or phrase.  
   *He coined the term “cloud computing.”*
5. **correlate** *(verb)* – to show a connection.  
   *Exercise and health strongly correlate.*
6. **depression** *(noun)* – extreme sadness; also an economic downturn.  
   *She suffered from depression after losing her job.*
7. **digital** *(adj)* – using computer technology.  
   *I prefer digital books over printed ones.*
8. **importance** *(noun)* – significance or value.  
   *Education has great importance for success.*
9. **keyboard** *(noun)* – a device for typing on computers.  
   *He bought a new keyboard for his laptop.*
10. **loneliness** *(noun)* – the feeling of being alone.  
    *Moving to a new city brought her loneliness.*
11. **media** *(noun)* – newspapers, TV, internet, etc.  
    *The news was reported in all media outlets.*
12. **platform** *(noun)* – stage or system for communication.  
    *Twitter is a social media platform.*
13. **poor** *(adj)* – lacking money or quality.  
    *The poor man asked for help.*
14. **presence** *(noun)* – being in a place.  
    *Her presence made the room lively.*
15. **subject** *(noun)* – topic or field of study.  
    *Math is his favorite subject.*
16. **surge** *(noun)* – sudden increase.  
    *There was a surge in demand for masks.*
17. **survey** *(noun)* – a set of questions for research.  
    *The survey showed most people like coffee.*
18. **target** *(noun)* – a goal or aim.  
    *The company set a sales target for June.*
19. **trend** *(noun)* – a general pattern.  
    *Short videos are the latest trend online.*
20. **validate** *(verb)* – to confirm as true.  
    *The scientist validated her theory with data.*

**Unit 2 – Enhanced Weathering**

1. **carbon** *(noun)* – a chemical element found in all life.  
   *Diamonds are made of pure carbon.*
2. **carbon dioxide** *(noun)* – a gas humans breathe out.  
   *Plants use carbon dioxide for photosynthesis.*
3. **dust** *(noun)* – tiny particles of dirt.  
   *The shelf was covered in dust.*
4. **emit** *(verb)* – to release or give off.  
   *Cars emit harmful gases.*
5. **enable** *(verb)* – to make possible.  
   *The new law enables people to vote online.*
6. **grind** *(verb)* – to crush into powder.  
   *She grinds coffee beans every morning.*
7. **heal** *(verb)* – to recover from injury.  
   *The wound healed quickly.*
8. **integrate** *(verb)* – to combine into one system.  
   *Immigrants integrate into society over time.*
9. **leading** *(adj)* – most important.  
   *She is a leading expert in biology.*
10. **moreover** *(adv)* – in addition.  
    *He is smart; moreover, he is hardworking.*
11. **object** *(noun)* – a thing you can see or touch.  
    *The museum had rare objects on display.*
12. **pollutant** *(noun)* – something that makes air, water, or soil dirty.  
    *Factories release pollutants into the river.*
13. **powder** *(noun)* – fine dry particles.  
    *He spilled baby powder on the floor.*
14. **prompt** *(verb)* – to cause or encourage.  
    *The teacher’s question prompted a discussion.*
15. **reject** *(verb)* – to refuse.  
    *She rejected his job offer.*
16. **skeptic** *(noun)* – a person who doubts.  
    *The skeptic questioned the new theory.*
17. **substance** *(noun)* – material with a certain makeup.  
    *Water is a clear substance.*
18. **substantially** *(adv)* – greatly, by a large amount.  
    *The cost increased substantially.*
19. **ton** *(noun)* – a unit of weight (1000 kg).  
    *The ship carried 10 tons of coal.*
20. **transport** *(verb)* – to move from one place to another.  
    *Trucks transport goods across the country.*

**Unit 3 – Le Chambonsur-Lignon**

1. **align** *(verb)* – to line up.  
   *He aligned the text to the left.*
2. **authority** *(noun)* – power to control.  
   *The police have authority to arrest people.*
3. **barn** *(noun)* – a farm building.  
   *The cows are kept in the barn.*
4. **betray** *(verb)* – to break trust.  
   *He betrayed his friend’s secret.*
5. **Bible** *(noun)* – the holy book of Christianity.  
   *She read a story from the Bible.*
6. **Catholic** *(adj/noun)* – relating to the Roman Catholic Church.  
   *He grew up in a Catholic family.*
7. **cooperate** *(verb)* – to work together.  
   *The teams cooperated to finish the project.*
8. **detain** *(verb)* – to keep someone in custody.  
   *The police detained the suspect.*
9. **exit** *(noun/verb)* – a way out; to go out.  
   *Please use the nearest exit.*
10. **exceptional** *(adj)* – unusually good.  
    *She is an exceptional singer.*
11. **flee** *(verb)* – to run away.  
    *The villagers fled from the fire.*
12. **network** *(noun)* – a system of connections.  
    *He has a strong business network.*
13. **outrage** *(noun)* – great anger.  
    *The decision caused public outrage.*
14. **parish** *(noun)* – a local church community.  
    *The parish raised money for charity.*
15. **passage** *(noun)* – a corridor or short piece of text.  
    *She highlighted a passage in the book.*
16. **pastor** *(noun)* – a Christian minister.  
    *The pastor gave a sermon on kindness.*
17. **patrol** *(verb/noun)* – to guard an area; the act of guarding.  
    *Soldiers patrolled the border.*
18. **raid** *(noun/verb)* – a sudden attack.  
    *The police raided the drug house.*
19. **rail** *(noun)* – a bar for support or transport.  
    *He leaned on the rail of the bridge.*
20. **tunnel** *(noun)* – an underground passage.  
    *The train goes through a tunnel.*

**Unit 4 - Women in Tech**

1. **comfortable** *(adj)* – providing ease.  
   *This chair is very comfortable.*
2. **education** *(noun)* – process of learning.  
   *Education is a human right.*
3. **encouragement** *(noun)* – support.  
   *Her words gave him encouragement.*
4. **endorse** *(verb)* – to publicly support.  
   *The athlete endorsed the new product.*
5. **equal** *(adj)* – the same in amount.  
   *All citizens are equal before the law.*
6. **face** *(verb)* – to deal with.  
   *We must face challenges bravely.*
7. **field** *(noun)* – area of land or study.  
   *She works in the medical field.*
8. **foster** *(verb)* – to encourage growth.  
   *The teacher fostered creativity in class.*
9. **guidance** *(noun)* – help or advice.  
   *She asked for guidance on her career.*
10. **hold** *(verb)* – to grasp; to keep.  
    *He held the baby gently.*
11. **inclusion** *(noun)* – the act of involving all.  
    *The school values inclusion of every student.*
12. **inspire** *(verb)* – to motivate.  
    *The speech inspired the crowd.*
13. **mere** *(adj)* – only; nothing more.  
    *It was a mere suggestion.*
14. **position** *(noun)* – place or job.  
    *She applied for a teaching position.*
15. **power** *(noun)* – strength or authority.  
    *Knowledge is power.*
16. **responsibility** *(noun)* – duty.  
    *Parents have responsibility for children.*
17. **soar** *(verb)* – to fly high.  
    *The eagle soared above the mountains.*
18. **tool** *(noun)* – an instrument for work.  
    *A hammer is a useful tool.*
19. **vocal** *(adj)* – related to voice; outspoken.  
    *She was vocal about her opinions.*
20. **workplace** *(noun)* – a place of employment.  
    *The workplace has strict safety rules.*

**Unit 5 - Impressionism**

1. **academic** *(adj)* – related to education.  
   *She has strong academic skills.*
2. **acceptance** *(noun)* – approval.  
   *He gained acceptance into the club.*
3. **array** *(noun)* – a wide variety.  
   *The store had an array of books.*
4. **blur** *(verb/noun)* – to make unclear; unclear image.  
   *Tears blurred her vision.*
5. **café** *(noun)* – a small restaurant.  
   *We had lunch at a café.*
6. **canvas** *(noun)* – strong cloth for painting.  
   *He painted on a large canvas.*
7. **cinema** *(noun)* – movie theater.  
   *We went to the cinema to watch a film.*
8. **class** *(noun)* – group of students or type.  
   *The class studied history.*
9. **distinctive** *(adj)* – unique, easy to recognize.  
   *He has a distinctive accent.*
10. **key** *(noun)* – important tool; also a small device.  
    *Honesty is the key to trust.*
11. **movement** *(noun)* – act of moving or social group.  
    *The movement for equal rights grew.*
12. **practice** *(noun/verb)* – repeated exercise; to rehearse.  
    *She practices piano daily.*
13. **realistic** *(adj)* – practical, true to life.  
    *That movie had realistic scenes.*
14. **reflection** *(noun)* – image in a mirror or deep thought.  
    *She saw her reflection in the water.*
15. **rule** *(noun/verb)* – law; to govern.  
    *The teacher set clear rules.*
16. **stroke** *(noun/verb)* – a hit; to move smoothly.  
    *The swimmer made strong strokes.*
17. **sunlight** *(noun)* – light from the sun.  
    *The room was full of sunlight.*
18. **traditional** *(adj)* – relating to customs.  
    *They wore traditional clothing at the festival.*
19. **unlike** *(prep/conj)* – different from.  
    *Unlike his brother, he loves sports.*
20. **width** *(noun)* – how wide something is.  
    *The width of the table is 2 meters.*

**Unit 6 – Anzac Day**

1. **anthem** *(noun)* – a national song.  
   *They sang the national anthem.*
2. **beyond** *(prep/adv)* – farther than.  
   *The park is beyond the river.*
3. **determination** *(noun)* – strong will.  
   *She showed great determination in her work.*
4. **fighting** *(noun/adj)* – physical combat.  
   *The fighting lasted for hours.*
5. **joint** *(noun)* – a connection of bones.  
   *My knee joint hurts.*
6. **landing** *(noun)* – coming down from air.  
   *The plane made a smooth landing.*
7. **mark** *(noun/verb)* – a sign; to indicate.  
   *He marked the wrong answer.*
8. **mobilize** *(verb)* – to organize for action.  
   *The army mobilized quickly.*
9. **nation** *(noun)* – a country.  
   *The nation celebrated Independence Day.*
10. **originally** *(adv)* – at first.  
    *The game was originally from China.*
11. **outbreak** *(noun)* – sudden spread of disease or conflict.  
    *There was an outbreak of flu.*
12. **pray** *(verb)* – to talk to God.  
    *They prayed for peace.*
13. **prisoner** *(noun)* – a person kept in jail.  
    *The prisoner escaped at night.*
14. **sacrifice** *(noun/verb)* – to give up for others.  
    *She sacrificed her free time for study.*
15. **silence** *(noun)* – absence of sound.  
    *There was complete silence in the room.*
16. **thus** *(adv)* – as a result.  
    *He was late; thus, he missed the bus.*
17. **tribute** *(noun)* – respect shown.  
    *They paid tribute to the hero.*
18. **victory** *(noun)* – success in a contest.  
    *The team celebrated their victory.*
19. **wild** *(adj)* – not tamed.  
    *Wild animals live in the jungle.*
20. **wound** *(noun/verb)* – injury; to injure.  
    *The soldier had a deep wound.*

**Unit 7 – Endangered languages**

1. **assimilate** *(verb)* – to absorb into a group.  
   *Immigrants assimilate into new cultures.*
2. **attempt** *(noun/verb)* – a try; to try.  
   *He made an attempt to climb Everest.*
3. **case** *(noun)* – an example or situation.  
   *This is a rare case of illness.*
4. **cease** *(verb)* – to stop.  
   *The rain finally ceased.*
5. **danger** *(noun)* – risk of harm.  
   *He was in great danger.*
6. **devastating** *(adj)* – very destructive.  
   *The hurricane was devastating.*
7. **diversity** *(noun)* – variety.  
   *The city has cultural diversity.*
8. **earthquake** *(noun)* – sudden shaking of the earth.  
   *A strong earthquake struck the town.*
9. **endangered** *(adj)* – at risk of extinction.  
   *Pandas are endangered animals.*
10. **extinction** *(noun)* – dying out of a species.  
    *Dinosaurs faced extinction long ago.*
11. **forever** *(adv)* – for all time.  
    *I will love you forever.*
12. **generally** *(adv)* – usually.  
    *He generally wakes up early.*
13. **genocide** *(noun)* – killing of a large group.  
    *The war led to genocide.*
14. **hit** *(verb/noun)* – to strike; a blow.  
    *He hit the ball with the bat.*
15. **lose** *(verb)* – to misplace or not win.  
    *They lost the game.*
16. **native** *(adj/noun)* – original to a place.  
    *She is a native speaker of English.*
17. **percent** *(noun)* – one part in a hundred.  
    *Ten percent of students passed.*
18. **reason** *(noun)* – cause or explanation.  
    *The reason for his absence was illness.*
19. **reference** *(noun)* – mention or source.  
    *She gave a reference to her book.*
20. **urban** *(adj)* – related to cities.  
    *Urban areas are crowded.*

**Unit 8 – The Ketogenic Diet**

1. **burn** *(verb/noun)* – to be on fire; damage from heat.  
   *The paper burned quickly.*
2. **check** *(verb/noun)* – to examine; a mark or test.  
   *Please check your answers.*
3. **coconut** *(noun)* – a large tropical fruit with hard shell.  
   *We drank juice from a coconut.*
4. **epilepsy** *(noun)* – a brain disorder causing seizures.  
   *He takes medicine to control epilepsy.*
5. **fat** *(noun)* – oily substance in food/body.  
   *Too much fat is unhealthy.*
6. **gain** *(verb/noun)* – to get more; an increase.  
   *He gained weight over the holidays.*
7. **glucose** *(noun)* – a type of sugar in the body.  
   *Glucose provides energy for cells.*
8. **high** *(adj)* – tall; great amount.  
   *The mountain is very high.*
9. **keep** *(verb)* – to hold; not give away.  
   *Keep your money safe.*
10. **known** *(adj)* – recognized or familiar.  
    *He is a known artist.*
11. **liver** *(noun)* – an organ in the body.  
    *Alcohol can damage the liver.*
12. **low** *(adj)* – not high; small amount.  
    *The water level is low.*
13. **management** *(noun)* – control of people or things.  
    *Good management is important in business.*
14. **metabolic** *(adj)* – related to body processes.  
    *Exercise boosts metabolic activity.*
15. **oil** *(noun)* – liquid from plants or petroleum.  
    *The car runs on oil.*
16. **olive** *(noun)* – a small green or black fruit.  
    *She added olives to the salad.*
17. **performance** *(noun)* – act of doing; a show.  
    *Her piano performance was amazing.*
18. **powerful** *(adj)* – strong.  
    *The engine is very powerful.*
19. **starch** *(noun)* – a substance in foods like rice and potatoes.  
    *Potatoes are full of starch.*
20. **summary** *(noun)* – a short statement of main ideas.  
    *He wrote a summary of the article.*

**Unit 9 - The Bachelor’s lesson**

1. **analytic** *(adj)* – related to logical thinking.  
   *She has strong analytic skills.*
2. **area** *(noun)* – a region or subject.  
   *This area is very quiet.*
3. **bachelor** *(noun)* – an unmarried man; also a degree.  
   *He earned a bachelor’s degree in law.*
4. **cognitive** *(adj)* – related to mental processes.  
   *The test measured cognitive ability.*
5. **collision** *(noun)* – a crash.  
   *The collision damaged both cars.*
6. **competent** *(adj)* – skilled and able.  
   *She is a competent doctor.*
7. **diploma** *(noun)* – certificate of graduation.  
   *He received a diploma in engineering.*
8. **excel** *(verb)* – to be very good at something.  
   *She excels in mathematics.*
9. **geology** *(noun)* – study of the earth’s rocks.  
   *He teaches geology at the university.*
10. **integral** *(adj)* – essential.  
    *Trust is integral to friendship.*
11. **intellect** *(noun)* – ability to think and reason.  
    *He is admired for his intellect.*
12. **job** *(noun)* – work done for pay.  
    *She found a new job.*
13. **keen** *(adj)* – eager; sharp.  
    *He is keen to learn.*
14. **minimum** *(noun/adj)* – the smallest amount.  
    *The minimum score to pass is 60.*
15. **psychology** *(noun)* – study of the mind.  
    *She studies psychology at university.*
16. **radioactive** *(adj)* – giving off harmful energy.  
    *Uranium is a radioactive element.*
17. **relativity** *(noun)* – Einstein’s scientific theory.  
    *Relativity changed physics forever.*
18. **sociology** *(noun)* – study of society.  
    *Sociology examines human groups.*
19. **theoretical** *(adj)* – based on ideas not practice.  
    *This is a theoretical discussion.*
20. **weak** *(adj)* – not strong.  
    *He felt weak after the illness.*

**Unit 10 – The Corrupt Administrator**

1. **administrator** *(noun)* – manager.  
   *The school administrator organized the event.*
2. **affluent** *(adj)* – wealthy.  
   *They live in an affluent neighborhood.*
3. **audit** *(noun/verb)* – official financial check.  
   *The company had an audit last year.*
4. **automate** *(verb)* – to control with machines.  
   *The factory automated the process.*
5. **bribe** *(noun/verb)* – money to influence unfairly.  
   *He was arrested for taking a bribe.*
6. **corrupt** *(adj/verb)* – dishonest; to make bad.  
   *The corrupt politician stole money.*
7. **dispose** *(verb)* – to throw away.  
   *He disposed of the trash.*
8. **headquarters** *(noun)* – main office.  
   *The company’s headquarters are in New York.*
9. **incentive** *(noun)* – reward to encourage.  
   *Bonuses are incentives for workers.*
10. **infrastructure** *(noun)* – basic facilities.  
    *The city improved its infrastructure.*
11. **legislate** *(verb)* – to make laws.  
    *The government legislated new rules.*
12. **legitimate** *(adj)* – lawful or proper.  
    *That is a legitimate concern.*
13. **manipulate** *(verb)* – to control unfairly.  
    *He manipulated the market for profit.*
14. **merchandise** *(noun)* – goods for sale.  
    *The store sells merchandise online.*
15. **retail** *(noun)* – selling goods to public.  
    *He works in retail sales.*
16. **revenue** *(noun)* – income.  
    *The company’s revenue increased.*
17. **rubbish** *(noun)* – trash.  
    *Take the rubbish out, please.*
18. **subsidy** *(noun)* – financial aid from government.  
    *Farmers receive a subsidy for crops.*
19. **transaction** *(noun)* – a business deal.  
    *The bank records each transaction.*
20. **violate** *(verb)* – to break a law.  
    *They violated the rules.*

**Unit 11 – A Famous Accident**

1. **assess** *(verb)* – to evaluate.  
   *The teacher assessed the test papers.*
2. **astonish** *(verb)* – to surprise greatly.  
   *The magic show astonished the kids.*
3. **commence** *(verb)* – to begin.  
   *The event will commence at 10 a.m.*
4. **essence** *(noun)* – basic nature of something.  
   *Freedom is the essence of democracy.*
5. **extract** *(verb/noun)* – to take out; substance.  
   *The dentist extracted a tooth.*
6. **fabulous** *(adj)* – wonderful.  
   *The trip was fabulous.*
7. **haste** *(noun)* – great speed.  
   *He left in haste.*
8. **impulse** *(noun)* – sudden urge.  
   *He bought the shoes on impulse.*
9. **inhibit** *(verb)* – to hold back.  
   *Fear inhibited her speech.*
10. **latter** *(adj/noun)* – the second of two.  
    *Of the two, I prefer the latter.*
11. **molecule** *(noun)* – smallest unit of a chemical.  
    *Water has two hydrogen molecules.*
12. **ongoing** *(adj)* – continuing.  
    *The project is ongoing.*
13. **precise** *(adj)* – exact.  
    *She gave precise directions.*
14. **proximity** *(noun)* – closeness.  
    *The school is in close proximity to my house.*
15. **publicity** *(noun)* – public attention.  
    *The event got wide publicity.*
16. **remedy** *(noun)* – a cure.  
    *Honey is a natural remedy for cough.*
17. **significance** *(noun)* – importance.  
    *This day has great significance.*
18. **subsequent** *(adj)* – coming later.  
    *He was fined for subsequent offenses.*
19. **synthetic** *(adj)* – man-made.  
    *This jacket is made of synthetic leather.*
20. **terminal** *(noun/adj)* – end point; final.  
    *The plane departed from Terminal 3.*

**Unit 12 – Beethoven’s Gift**

1. **acute** *(adj)* – very severe.  
   *He felt acute pain.*
2. **aggression** *(noun)* – hostile behavior.  
   *The dog showed aggression.*
3. **biography** *(noun)* – life story.  
   *She read a biography of Einstein.*
4. **boost** *(verb/noun)* – to increase; an increase.  
   *The vitamins boosted his energy.*
5. **clap** *(verb/noun)* – to strike hands; sound made.  
   *The audience clapped loudly.*
6. **classical** *(adj)* – traditional; old style.  
   *He enjoys classical music.*
7. **compel** *(verb)* – to force.  
   *The law compels drivers to wear seatbelts.*
8. **creation** *(noun)* – act of making.  
   *The new park is her creation.*
9. **dominance** *(noun)* – power over others.  
   *The company has market dominance.*
10. **gorgeous** *(adj)* – very beautiful.  
    *She wore a gorgeous dress.*
11. **inevitable** *(adj)* – certain to happen.  
    *Death is inevitable.*
12. **legacy** *(noun)* – something passed down.  
    *He left a legacy of kindness.*
13. **masterpiece** *(noun)* – great work of art.  
    *Mona Lisa is a masterpiece.*
14. **multiple** *(adj)* – many.  
    *He has multiple talents.*
15. **narrate** *(verb)* – to tell a story.  
    *She narrated the movie.*
16. **notorious** *(adj)* – famous for something bad.  
    *The area is notorious for crime.*
17. **overall** *(adj/adv)* – in general.  
    *Overall, the plan worked.*
18. **partiality** *(noun)* – unfair preference.  
    *The judge showed partiality.*
19. **spontaneous** *(adj)* – done without planning.  
    *They had a spontaneous trip.*
20. **virtue** *(noun)* – moral goodness.  
    *Honesty is a virtue.*

**Unit 13 The day Without Sight**

1. **aspect** *(noun)* – a part or feature.  
   *One aspect of health is exercise.*
2. **asset** *(noun)* – valuable thing.  
   *His house is his biggest asset.*
3. **assignment** *(noun)* – a task.  
   *She finished the assignment early.*
4. **awareness** *(noun)* – knowledge.  
   *The campaign raised awareness about recycling.*
5. **bud** *(noun)* – a small growth on a plant.  
   *The flower bud opened.*
6. **coordinate** *(verb)* – to organize together.  
   *They coordinated the wedding well.*
7. **credit** *(noun)* – praise; borrowed money.  
   *She got credit for her idea.*
8. **disprove** *(verb)* – to show false.  
   *The scientist disproved the theory.*
9. **humanitarian** *(adj/noun)* – helping people; a helper.  
   *The humanitarian aid reached the refugees.*
10. **hypothesis** *(noun)* – an idea to test.  
    *The hypothesis was correct.*
11. **informative** *(adj)* – giving useful information.  
    *The lecture was very informative.*
12. **optic** *(adj)* – related to the eyes.  
    *They used optic lenses in the lab.*
13. **premise** *(noun)* – a basic idea or property.  
    *The movie’s premise was interesting.*
14. **rack** *(noun)* – a frame for holding things.  
    *He hung his coat on the rack.*
15. **Renaissance** *(noun)* – period of European history.  
    *The Renaissance produced great art.*
16. **spatial** *(adj)* – related to space or position.  
    *The child has good spatial awareness.*
17. **specify** *(verb)* – to state clearly.  
    *Please specify the time of meeting.*
18. **tie** *(noun/verb)* – cloth for neck; to connect.  
    *He tied the rope tightly.*
19. **undertake** *(verb)* – to take responsibility for.  
    *She undertook the difficult project.*
20. **wax** *(noun)* – sticky substance from bees.  
    *The candle is made of wax.*

**Unit 14 - The History of Parachutes**

1. **addict** *(noun/verb)* – a person dependent; to cause dependence.  
   *He is a coffee addict.*
2. **archeological** *(adj)* – related to archaeology.  
   *The archeological site is ancient.*
3. **archeology** *(noun)* – study of past human life.  
   *She studied archeology in college.*
4. **brainstorm** *(verb/noun)* – to create ideas; session of ideas.  
   *We brainstormed solutions.*
5. **budget** *(noun)* – money plan.  
   *They planned the family budget.*
6. **chaotic** *(adj)* – very disorganized.  
   *The room was chaotic.*
7. **cite** *(verb)* – to quote.  
   *He cited a famous author.*
8. **correspond** *(verb)* – to match or communicate.  
   *The figures correspond with the data.*
9. **courtyard** *(noun)* – an open space by a building.  
   *Children played in the courtyard.*
10. **estate** *(noun)* – property or land.  
    *He inherited a large estate.*
11. **fraud** *(noun)* – cheating to gain.  
    *He was guilty of fraud.*
12. **hydrogen** *(noun)* – a chemical element.  
    *Water contains hydrogen and oxygen.*
13. **integrity** *(noun)* – honesty.  
    *She is known for her integrity.*
14. **outlook** *(noun)* – point of view.  
    *He has a positive outlook on life.*
15. **parachute** *(noun)* – device for safe fall.  
    *The soldier opened his parachute.*
16. **prehistoric** *(adj)* – before written history.  
    *Dinosaurs lived in prehistoric times.*
17. **proponent** *(noun)* – supporter.  
    *She is a proponent of clean energy.*
18. **refine** *(verb)* – to improve.  
    *They refined the system.*
19. **restrict** *(verb)* – to limit.  
    *The rules restrict smoking indoors.*
20. **team** *(noun)* – group working together.  
    *Our team won the match.*

**Unit 15 - Microchips**

1. **aggregate** *(noun/adj)* – total amount; combined.  
   *The aggregate score was 100 points.*
2. **antibiotic** *(noun)* – medicine that kills bacteria.  
   *The doctor gave him an antibiotic.*
3. **circuit** *(noun)* – a path for electricity.  
   *The light won’t work if the circuit is broken.*
4. **complement** *(verb/noun)* – to complete; something that completes.  
   *Her shoes complement her dress.*
5. **compress** *(verb)* – to press together.  
   *He compressed the file to save space.*
6. **database** *(noun)* – organized information stored electronically.  
   *The library keeps a database of books.*
7. **equivalent** *(adj/noun)* – equal in value.  
   *One dollar is equivalent to 100 cents.*
8. **immune** *(adj)* – protected from disease.  
   *She is immune to the virus.*
9. **input** *(noun)* – information put in.  
   *The teacher asked for students’ input.*
10. **intimate** *(adj)* – very close or personal.  
    *They share an intimate friendship.*
11. **magnet** *(noun)* – object that attracts metal.  
    *A magnet sticks to the fridge.*
12. **metabolism** *(noun)* – body process that changes food into energy.  
    *Exercise increases your metabolism.*
13. **microchip** *(noun)* – tiny electronic part.  
    *Pets often carry an ID microchip.*
14. **phase** *(noun)* – stage in a process.  
    *The moon is in a new phase.*
15. **pinch** *(verb/noun)* – to squeeze with fingers; small amount.  
    *She pinched her brother’s arm.*
16. **prevalent** *(adj)* – common, widespread.  
    *This disease is prevalent in rural areas.*
17. **quantum** *(noun/adj)* – related to smallest unit in physics.  
    *Quantum physics is difficult to understand.*
18. **ratio** *(noun)* – relation between numbers.  
    *The ratio of boys to girls is 2:1.*
19. **spiral** *(noun/verb)* – shape like a coil; to move in a curve.  
    *The smoke spiraled into the sky.*
20. **viral** *(adj)* – spreading quickly (like a virus).  
    *The video went viral online.*

**Unit 16 – The new Bioco**

1. **acid** *(noun)* – sour chemical substance.  
   *Lemon juice contains acid.*
2. **administration** *(noun)* – management of an organization.  
   *The school administration set new rules.*
3. **administrative** *(adj)* – related to management.  
   *She works in an administrative role.*
4. **biotechnology** *(noun)* – use of biology in technology.  
   *Biotechnology has improved medicine.*
5. **cholesterol** *(noun)* – fat in the blood.  
   *High cholesterol is unhealthy.*
6. **coalition** *(noun)* – an alliance.  
   *The parties formed a coalition government.*
7. **deceptive** *(adj)* – misleading.  
   *The ad was deceptive.*
8. **diabetes** *(noun)* – disease with high blood sugar.  
   *He takes insulin for diabetes.*
9. **eliminate** *(verb)* – to remove.  
   *They eliminated the error.*
10. **erosion** *(noun)* – wearing away of land.  
    *The river causes soil erosion.*
11. **ethics** *(noun)* – moral principles.  
    *Business ethics are important.*
12. **explicit** *(adj)* – clear and direct.  
    *He gave explicit instructions.*
13. **framework** *(noun)* – basic structure.  
    *The law provides a framework for action.*
14. **manufacture** *(verb)* – to produce.  
    *The factory manufactures shoes.*
15. **mechanism** *(noun)* – a system or device.  
    *The clock’s mechanism is broken.*
16. **minimize** *(verb)* – to reduce.  
    *They minimized the risks.*
17. **nectar** *(noun)* – sweet liquid from flowers.  
    *Bees collect nectar.*
18. **notion** *(noun)* – an idea.  
    *He had a notion to travel.*
19. **regime** *(noun)* – government system.  
    *The regime was very strict.*
20. **straightforward** *(adj)* – simple and clear.  
    *The directions were straightforward.*

**Unit 17 – The Resourceful Landlord**

1. **bankrupt** *(adj)* – unable to pay debts.  
   *The company went bankrupt.*
2. **conform** *(verb)* – to follow rules.  
   *You must conform to safety standards.*
3. **employ** *(verb)* – to hire.  
   *The firm employs many workers.*
4. **expel** *(verb)* – to force out.  
   *The school expelled the student.*
5. **extension** *(noun)* – added part or time.  
   *He asked for an extension on homework.*
6. **forthcoming** *(adj)* – about to happen; open.  
   *The forthcoming event is exciting.*
7. **furnish** *(verb)* – to provide furniture.  
   *They furnished their new house.*
8. **hygiene** *(noun)* – cleanliness.  
   *Good hygiene prevents illness.*
9. **hygienic** *(adj)* – clean and healthy.  
   *The kitchen was hygienic.*
10. **landlord** *(noun)* – owner of rented property.  
    *The landlord collected rent.*
11. **lease** *(noun/verb)* – rental contract; to rent.  
    *They signed a one-year lease.*
12. **mandatory** *(adj)* – required.  
    *Wearing helmets is mandatory.*
13. **mend** *(verb)* – to repair.  
    *She mended her torn dress.*
14. **mortgage** *(noun)* – loan to buy property.  
    *They paid off their mortgage.*
15. **personnel** *(noun)* – staff.  
    *The company hired new personnel.*
16. **plumbing** *(noun)* – system of pipes.  
    *The plumbing needs repair.*
17. **quote** *(noun/verb)* – exact words; to repeat words.  
    *He quoted Shakespeare.*
18. **tenant** *(noun)* – renter.  
    *The tenant pays monthly rent.*
19. **utility** *(noun)* – service like water or electricity.  
    *Utilities include gas and power.*
20. **whereby** *(adv)* – by which.  
    *He explained the process whereby laws are made.*

**Unit 18 – The First Organ Transplant**

1. **adapt** *(verb)* – to adjust.  
   *Animals adapt to their environment.*
2. **biological** *(adj)* – relating to life.  
   *She studies biological sciences.*
3. **cellular** *(adj)* – relating to cells.  
   *Cellular structure is complex.*
4. **dynamic** *(adj)* – constantly changing.  
   *The market is dynamic.*
5. **fantasy** *(noun)* – imagination; unrealistic story.  
   *The book is a fantasy novel.*
6. **heredity** *(noun)* – passing traits from parents.  
   *Eye color is due to heredity.*
7. **internal** *(adj)* – inside.  
   *He had internal injuries.*
8. **minimal** *(adj)* – very small.  
   *He made minimal effort.*
9. **pioneer** *(noun)* – first to explore or create.  
   *She is a pioneer in medicine.*
10. **prescribe** *(verb)* – to order medicine.  
    *The doctor prescribed antibiotics.*
11. **respective** *(adj)* – belonging separately to each.  
    *They returned to their respective homes.*
12. **rigid** *(adj)* – stiff; strict.  
    *The plastic was rigid.*
13. **sequence** *(noun)* – order.  
    *The dance steps must follow a sequence.*
14. **similar** *(adj)* – alike.  
    *The twins look similar.*
15. **substitute** *(verb/noun)* – to replace; replacement.  
    *She substituted sugar with honey.*
16. **surgeon** *(noun)* – doctor for operations.  
    *The surgeon performed heart surgery.*
17. **therapy** *(noun)* – treatment.  
    *He needed physical therapy.*
18. **transfer** *(verb/noun)* – to move; the act of moving.  
    *She transferred to another school.*
19. **transition** *(noun)* – change from one to another.  
    *The country is in a transition phase.*
20. **transplant** *(noun/verb)* – to move organs/plants.  
    *He had a heart transplant.*

**Unit 19 – The North Star**

1. **astrology** *(noun)* – study of stars and fate.  
   *She reads astrology signs daily.*
2. **couple** *(noun)* – two people or things.  
   *The couple got married.*
3. **deviate** *(verb)* – to go off course.  
   *He deviated from the plan.*
4. **differentiate** *(verb)* – to see the difference.  
   *Children can differentiate shapes.*
5. **disrupt** *(verb)* – to interrupt.  
   *The storm disrupted traffic.*
6. **equation** *(noun)* – math statement with equals sign.  
   *He solved the equation quickly.*
7. **err** *(verb)* – to make a mistake.  
   *To err is human.*
8. **erroneous** *(adj)* – incorrect.  
   *The report was erroneous.*
9. **frantic** *(adj)* – very worried or busy.  
   *She made a frantic search for her keys.*
10. **inadvertent** *(adj)* – unintentional.  
    *It was an inadvertent mistake.*
11. **improvise** *(verb)* – to create without planning.  
    *He improvised a song.*
12. **latitude** *(noun)* – distance north or south of the equator.  
    *The city is at 40° latitude.*
13. **mariner** *(noun)* – sailor.  
    *The mariner sailed across the sea.*
14. **multitude** *(noun)* – a large number.  
    *A multitude of stars filled the sky.*
15. **nuisance** *(noun)* – something annoying.  
    *The noise is a nuisance.*
16. **permanence** *(noun)* – lasting state.  
    *They wanted the permanence of marriage.*
17. **revolve** *(verb)* – to move around something.  
    *The Earth revolves around the sun.*
18. **soothe** *(verb)* – to calm.  
    *The mother soothed the crying baby.*
19. **stranded** *(adj)* – left helpless.  
    *The car broke down and we were stranded.*
20. **technique** *(noun)* – a way of doing.  
    *She learned a new painting technique.*

**Unit 20 – Dressed to Excess**

1. **absurd** *(adj)* – ridiculous.  
   *The idea was absurd.*
2. **aristocracy** *(noun)* – highest social class.  
   *The aristocracy held much power.*
3. **aristocrat** *(noun)* – noble person.  
   *The castle was owned by an aristocrat.*
4. **attire** *(noun)* – clothing.  
   *She wore elegant attire.*
5. **craze** *(noun)* – popular trend.  
   *TikTok is the latest craze.*
6. **denote** *(verb)* – to indicate.  
   *The red mark denotes danger.*
7. **enlarge** *(verb)* – to make bigger.  
   *He enlarged the photo.*
8. **excess** *(noun/adj)* – more than needed.  
   *Too much sugar is excess.*
9. **feminine** *(adj)* – related to women.  
   *She has a feminine style.*
10. **hierarchy** *(noun)* – system of ranks.  
    *The military has a strict hierarchy.*
11. **pad** *(noun)* – cushion or block of paper.  
    *She wrote notes on a pad.*
12. **partner** *(noun)* – person you work/live with.  
    *She is his business partner.*
13. **predominant** *(adj)* – most common.  
    *The predominant color was blue.*
14. **protocol** *(noun)* – official rules.  
    *The diplomats followed protocol.*
15. **reputable** *(adj)* – respected.  
    *They bought from a reputable store.*
16. **signify** *(verb)* – to mean.  
    *A smile signifies happiness.*
17. **strap** *(noun/verb)* – band; to tie with a band.  
    *The bag has a leather strap.*
18. **style** *(noun)* – way of doing or dressing.  
    *Her style is unique.*
19. **tangle** *(noun/verb)* – twisted mass; to twist.  
    *The rope was in a tangle.*
20. **vanity** *(noun)* – excessive pride.  
    *His vanity made him arrogant.*

**Unit 21 – Amazing Komodo Dragons**

1. **ashore** *(adv)* – onto land from water.  
   *The sailors swam ashore.*
2. **contradict** *(verb)* – to oppose in words.  
   *His actions contradict his words.*
3. **counterpart** *(noun)* – a person in the same role elsewhere.  
   *The minister met his French counterpart.*
4. **devoid** *(adj)* – completely lacking.  
   *His voice was devoid of emotion.*
5. **diverge** *(verb)* – to go in different directions.  
   *The paths diverge in the forest.*
6. **embryo** *(noun)* – early stage of development.  
   *The embryo developed into a fetus.*
7. **finally** *(adv)* – after a long time.  
   *He finally finished the project.*
8. **gazette** *(noun)* – an official newspaper.  
   *The law was published in the gazette.*
9. **homogeneous** *(adj)* – all the same.  
   *The group was homogeneous in age.*
10. **individual** *(noun/adj)* – one person; single.  
    *Each individual has rights.*
11. **major** *(adj/noun)* – very important; main subject of study.  
    *She is a history major.*
12. **obstruct** *(verb)* – to block.  
    *The tree obstructed the road.*
13. **plunge** *(verb/noun)* – to fall suddenly; a fall.  
    *He plunged into the pool.*
14. **prolong** *(verb)* – to extend time.  
    *They prolonged the meeting.*
15. **publicize** *(verb)* – to make public.  
    *The company publicized its new product.*
16. **surplus** *(noun/adj)* – extra.  
    *The store sold surplus goods cheaply.*
17. **survive** *(verb)* – to stay alive.  
    *They survived the storm.*
18. **theorize** *(verb)* – to form ideas.  
    *Scientists theorize about black holes.*
19. **verify** *(verb)* – to confirm.  
    *Please verify your email address.*
20. **vigorous** *(adj)* – strong and active.  
    *He does vigorous exercise daily.*

**Unit 22 – Greek Magical Papyri**

1. **altar** *(noun)* – a table for religious ceremonies.  
   *The bride stood at the altar.*
2. **arthritis** *(noun)* – joint disease-causing pain.  
   *Her grandmother suffers from arthritis.*
3. **botany** *(noun)* – study of plants.  
   *He teaches botany at the university.*
4. **credible** *(adj)* – believable.  
   *She gave a credible explanation.*
5. **deceased** *(adj/noun)* – dead; a dead person.  
   *The deceased man was honored.*
6. **deception** *(noun)* – act of lying or tricking.  
   *The plan was built on deception.*
7. **document** *(noun/verb)* – written record; to record.  
   *He signed the legal document.*
8. **dung** *(noun)* – animal waste.  
   *The field was covered in cow dung.*
9. **dusk** *(noun)* – evening, just before dark.  
   *We walked home at dusk.*
10. **gratify** *(verb)* – to please or satisfy.  
    *Her success gratified her parents.*
11. **hone** *(verb)* – to sharpen skills.  
    *He honed his writing ability.*
12. **interpret** *(verb)* – to explain meaning.  
    *She interpreted the speech into French.*
13. **motive** *(noun)* – reason for action.  
    *The police searched for a motive.*
14. **pneumonia** *(noun)* – serious lung infection.  
    *He was hospitalized with pneumonia.*
15. **psychic** *(adj/noun)* – having mental powers; a person with such powers.  
    *She claimed to be a psychic.*
16. **psychotic** *(adj)* – relating to severe mental disorder.  
    *The patient showed psychotic behavior.*
17. **scope** *(noun)* – range or extent.  
    *The problem is beyond our scope.*
18. **sinister** *(adj)* – evil-looking.  
    *He gave a sinister smile.*
19. **strife** *(noun)* – conflict, struggle.  
    *The country suffered from civil strife.*
20. **text** *(noun)* – written words.  
    *The text was difficult to read.*

**Unit 23 – Dangerous Bites**

1. **artery** *(noun)* – blood vessel from the heart.  
   *The doctor checked his artery.*
2. **deterioration** *(noun)* – becoming worse.  
   *There was a deterioration in the building.*
3. **elusive** *(adj)* – hard to catch or understand.  
   *The answer remained elusive.*
4. **ensure** *(verb)* – to make certain.  
   *Please ensure doors are locked.*
5. **induce** *(verb)* – to cause.  
   *The medicine induced sleep.*
6. **inseparable** *(adj)* – cannot be separated.  
   *The two friends are inseparable.*
7. **invalid** *(adj/noun)* – not valid; sick person.  
   *The ticket was invalid.*
8. **magnify** *(verb)* – to make bigger.  
   *The lens magnified the image.*
9. **mainstream** *(noun/adj)* – normal, accepted ideas.  
   *He follows mainstream culture.*
10. **microbe** *(noun)* – tiny organism.  
    *Some microbes cause illness.*
11. **minor** *(adj/noun)* – not important; under 18.  
    *It was a minor mistake.*
12. **negligible** *(adj)* – too small to matter.  
    *The cost was negligible.*
13. **paralysis** *(noun)* – loss of movement.  
    *The accident caused paralysis.*
14. **pest** *(noun)* – harmful insect/animal.  
    *Mosquitoes are common pests.*
15. **prevail** *(verb)* – to succeed or win.  
    *Justice will prevail.*
16. **pursuit** *(noun)* – the act of chasing or seeking.  
    *He is in pursuit of happiness.*
17. **rupture** *(noun/verb)* – break or burst.  
    *The pipe ruptured last night.*
18. **savage** *(adj)* – violent, cruel.  
    *The savage attack shocked everyone.*
19. **stun** *(verb)* – to shock or knock unconscious.  
    *The news stunned the crowd.*
20. **susceptible** *(adj)* – easily affected.  
    *Children are susceptible to colds.*

**Unit 24 – The Lydian King**

1. **advocate** *(verb/noun)* – to support; a supporter.  
   *She advocates for human rights.*
2. **albeit** *(conj)* – although.  
   *He accepted the job, albeit reluctantly.*
3. **authorize** *(verb)* – to give official permission.  
   *The manager authorized the purchase.*
4. **civilian** *(noun)* – non-military person.  
   *Civilians were evacuated from the area.*
5. **commodity** *(noun)* – a product for sale.  
   *Rice is a basic commodity.*
6. **communicate** *(verb)* – to share information.  
   *They communicate by email.*
7. **conquest** *(noun)* – act of taking control by force.  
   *The conquest lasted many years.*
8. **disclose** *(verb)* – to reveal.  
   *He disclosed the secret.*
9. **dynamics** *(noun)* – forces or relationships in action.  
   *Family dynamics affect children.*
10. **enroll** *(verb)* – to sign up.  
    *She enrolled in a new course.*
11. **envious** *(adj)* – jealous.  
    *She felt envious of her friend’s success.*
12. **festive** *(adj)* – cheerful, for a celebration.  
    *The city was in a festive mood.*
13. **indicate** *(verb)* – to show.  
    *The results indicate success.*
14. **lentil** *(noun)* – small edible seed.  
    *We ate lentil soup.*
15. **marshal** *(verb)* – to organize or control.  
    *They marshaled their resources.*
16. **morale** *(noun)* – confidence and spirit.  
    *The team’s morale was high.*
17. **mood** *(noun)* – emotional state.  
    *He is in a good mood.*
18. **prophecy** *(noun)* – prediction of the future.  
    *The prophecy came true.*
19. **senate** *(noun)* – lawmaking group.  
    *The senate passed the bill.*
20. **unrest** *(noun)* – disorder, protests.  
    *The city faced political unrest.*

**Unit 25 - The End of Smallpox**

1. **certify** *(verb)* – to confirm officially.  
   *The doctor certified her as fit.*
2. **coherent** *(adj)* – logical, clear.  
   *His speech was coherent.*
3. **collaborate** *(verb)* – to work together.  
   *The two artists collaborated on a song.*
4. **compile** *(verb)* – to collect into a book/list.  
   *She compiled a list of names.*
5. **curb** *(verb/noun)* – to control; an edge of road.  
   *Laws curb pollution.*
6. **diagnose** *(verb)* – to find the cause of illness.  
   *The doctor diagnosed flu.*
7. **enact** *(verb)* – to make into law.  
   *The government enacted new rules.*
8. **federation** *(noun)* – a group united for a purpose.  
   *The federation of states formed a nation.*
9. **gross** *(adj)* – total; also disgusting.  
   *The company’s gross income rose.*
10. **humane** *(adj)* – kind and caring.  
    *The shelter gives humane treatment to animals.*
11. **needy** *(adj)* – very poor.  
    *The charity helps needy families.*
12. **onset** *(noun)* – the beginning.  
    *The onset of winter came early.*
13. **pledge** *(noun/verb)* – promise; to promise.  
    *He pledged to help her.*
14. **prohibit** *(verb)* – to forbid.  
    *Smoking is prohibited here.*
15. **render** *(verb)* – to give or cause.  
    *The shock rendered him speechless.*
16. **smallpox** *(noun)* – a deadly viral disease (now eradicated).  
    *Smallpox killed millions in history.*
17. **transform** *(verb)* – to change completely.  
    *The caterpillar transformed into a butterfly.*
18. **transmit** *(verb)* – to send across.  
    *They transmit data via satellite.*
19. **vow** *(verb/noun)* – to promise; a promise.  
    *They vowed to stay friends.*
20. **widespread** *(adj)* – happening in many places.  
    *There was widespread support for the idea.*

**Unit 26 – Epidemic in Zimbabwe**

1. **adhere** *(verb)* – to stick to.  
   *Labels adhere to glass.*
2. **administer** *(verb)* – to manage or give medicine.  
   *The nurse administered the drug.*
3. **compassionate** *(adj)* – showing kindness.  
   *She is a compassionate leader.*
4. **contaminate** *(verb)* – to make dirty.  
   *The water was contaminated by waste.*
5. **deficiency** *(noun)* – lack of something.  
   *Vitamin deficiency causes illness.*
6. **emphasis** *(noun)* – special importance.  
   *He placed emphasis on safety.*
7. **epidemic** *(noun)* – outbreak of disease.  
   *The flu epidemic spread fast.*
8. **hazard** *(noun)* – danger.  
   *Smoking is a health hazard.*
9. **imperative** *(adj)* – very important.  
   *It is imperative to act now.*
10. **intestines** *(noun)* – long tubes in the body for digestion.  
    *Food passes through the intestines.*
11. **manifest** *(verb)* – to show clearly.  
    *She manifested her talent in art.*
12. **overcrowded** *(adj)* – too full.  
    *The train was overcrowded.*
13. **practitioner** *(noun)* – professional worker (esp. doctor/lawyer).  
    *He is a medical practitioner.*
14. **provision** *(noun)* – supply or condition.  
    *The law has a provision for equality.*
15. **replenish** *(verb)* – to refill.  
    *He replenished the empty glass.*
16. **reverse** *(verb/noun)* – to go backward; opposite.  
    *They reversed the decision.*
17. **sterile** *(adj)* – free from germs.  
    *Surgical tools must be sterile.*
18. **upgrade** *(verb/noun)* – to improve; an improvement.  
    *They upgraded the software.*
19. **viable** *(adj)* – able to work, possible.  
    *It is a viable plan.*
20. **voluntary** *(adj)* – done by choice.  
    *She did voluntary work.*

**Unit 27 – Seizures Then and Now**

1. **airway** *(noun)* – passage for air.  
   *The doctor cleared the patient’s airway.*
2. **Almighty** *(adj/noun)* – all-powerful; God.  
   *They prayed to the Almighty.*
3. **advent** *(noun)* – arrival.  
   *The advent of the internet changed life.*
4. **cycle** *(noun/verb)* – repeating series; to ride a bike.  
   *Life follows a natural cycle.*
5. **definitive** *(adj)* – final, certain.  
   *He gave a definitive answer.*
6. **equate** *(verb)* – to consider equal.  
   *They equated wealth with happiness.*
7. **found** *(verb)* – to establish.  
   *He founded the school in 1950.*
8. **ideology** *(noun)* – set of beliefs.  
   *Their ideology is based on freedom.*
9. **inhale** *(verb)* – to breathe in.  
   *She inhaled the fresh air.*
10. **invoke** *(verb)* – to call upon.  
    *They invoked the law for justice.*
11. **lunar** *(adj)* – related to the moon.  
    *They studied lunar rocks.*
12. **novelty** *(noun)* – newness.  
    *The toy was a novelty item.*
13. **outmoded** *(adj)* – old-fashioned.  
    *That style is outmoded now.*
14. **personalize** *(verb)* – to make personal.  
    *He personalized the gift.*
15. **psychiatric** *(adj)* – relating to mental illness.  
    *She works in a psychiatric hospital.*
16. **psychiatry** *(noun)* – study/treatment of mental illness.  
    *Psychiatry has advanced in recent years.*
17. **reflex** *(noun)* – automatic body movement.  
    *Sneezing is a reflex.*
18. **seizure** *(noun)* – sudden attack (esp. in epilepsy).  
    *He had an epileptic seizure.*
19. **session** *(noun)* – a meeting or class.  
    *They held a training session.*
20. **utensil** *(noun)* – tool, especially for cooking.  
    *She bought new kitchen utensils.*

**Unit 28 - The Ice House**

1. **allocate** *(verb)* – to set aside for a purpose.  
   *They allocated funds for education.*
2. **appetizing** *(adj)* – tasty looking.  
   *The food smelled appetizing.*
3. **assign** *(verb)* – to give a task.  
   *The teacher assigned homework.*
4. **cavity** *(noun)* – hole in a tooth.  
   *The dentist filled the cavity.*
5. **clockwise** *(adv/adj)* – moving like a clock’s hands.  
   *Turn the screw clockwise.*
6. **concentric** *(adj)* – having a common center.  
   *The circles were concentric.*
7. **courtesy** *(noun)* – politeness.  
   *He showed courtesy to the guest.*
8. **crisp** *(adj)* – pleasantly firm or fresh.  
   *The apple was crisp and sweet.*
9. **discord** *(noun)* – disagreement.  
   *There was discord in the team.*
10. **generate** *(verb)* – to produce.  
    *The engine generates electricity.*
11. **item** *(noun)* – a single thing.  
    *Each item was checked.*
12. **interchange** *(noun/verb)* – exchange; to exchange.  
    *The interchange of ideas was useful.*
13. **multicultural** *(adj)* – involving many cultures.  
    *The city is multicultural.*
14. **omission** *(noun)* – something left out.  
    *Her name’s omission was a mistake.*
15. **oversee** *(verb)* – to supervise.  
    *She oversees the project.*
16. **pierce** *(verb)* – to penetrate with a sharp object.  
    *He pierced his ear.*
17. **select** *(verb/adj)* – to choose; chosen.  
    *She was selected for the team.*
18. **structure** *(noun/verb)* – arrangement; to arrange.  
    *The structure of the bridge is strong.*
19. **visual** *(adj)* – related to sight.  
    *The film is very visual.*
20. **wavy** *(adj)* – with gentle curves.  
    *She has wavy hair.*

**Unit 29 – Preparing for Future**

1. **conversion** *(noun)* – change into a different form.  
   *The building’s conversion into a hotel took two years.*
2. **cram** *(verb)* – to study or stuff quickly.  
   *He crammed all night before the exam.*
3. **defer** *(verb)* – to postpone.  
   *They deferred the decision until next week.*
4. **export** *(verb/noun)* – to send goods abroad; goods sent abroad.  
   *The country exports oil to Europe.*
5. **fume** *(noun/verb)* – strong gas; to be angry.  
   *Factory fumes polluted the air.*
6. **habitual** *(adj)* – done regularly.  
   *He is a habitual latecomer.*
7. **justify** *(verb)* – to show to be right.  
   *She justified her decision with evidence.*
8. **notwithstanding** *(prep/adv)* – despite.  
   *Notwithstanding the rain, the game continued.*
9. **output** *(noun)* – amount produced.  
   *The factory’s output doubled this year.*
10. **overpopulation** *(noun)* – too many people in an area.  
    *Overpopulation is a global issue.*
11. **patent** *(noun/verb)* – legal right for an invention.  
    *He received a patent for his design.*
12. **penalize** *(verb)* – to punish.  
    *The referee penalized the player.*
13. **petroleum** *(noun)* – crude oil.  
    *Petroleum is refined into gasoline.*
14. **region** *(noun)* – area of land.  
    *This region is famous for wine.*
15. **scrap** *(noun/verb)* – leftover piece; to discard.  
    *They sold metal scraps.*
16. **sector** *(noun)* – part of economy.  
    *He works in the banking sector.*
17. **subscribe** *(verb)* – to sign up for.  
    *I subscribe to an online magazine.*
18. **subsist** *(verb)* – to survive with little.  
    *They subsist on small farms.*
19. **suspend** *(verb)* – to stop temporarily.  
    *The match was suspended due to rain.*
20. **synthesis** *(noun)* – combination of parts.  
    *The essay was a synthesis of many ideas.*

**Unit 30 – Hundred Plays**

1. **acrobat** *(noun)* – performer of gymnastic tricks.  
   *The acrobat balanced on a rope.*
2. **advocacy** *(noun)* – public support for a cause.  
   *She is known for her advocacy of women’s rights.*
3. **communal** *(adj)* – shared by a group.  
   *They live in a communal house.*
4. **fluid** *(noun/adj)* – liquid; able to flow.  
   *Water is a common fluid.*
5. **harmonize** *(verb)* – to work together smoothly.  
   *Their voices harmonized beautifully.*
6. **industrious** *(adj)* – hardworking.  
   *She is an industrious student.*
7. **inventive** *(adj)* – creative.  
   *He is inventive with problem-solving.*
8. **Mandarin** *(noun)* – Chinese language; official.  
   *She speaks fluent Mandarin.*
9. **metropolitan** *(adj)* – relating to a large city.  
   *They moved to the metropolitan area.*
10. **mimic** *(verb)* – to copy.  
    *The child mimicked her teacher’s accent.*
11. **misguided** *(adj)* – mistaken.  
    *He made a misguided decision.*
12. **rehearse** *(verb)* – to practice.  
    *The actors rehearsed for the play.*
13. **resourceful** *(adj)* – able to solve problems.  
    *She is resourceful in emergencies.*
14. **scorn** *(noun/verb)* – strong dislike; to despise.  
    *He looked at them with scorn.*
15. **sensory** *(adj)* – relating to senses.  
    *The perfume gave a strong sensory effect.*
16. **statute** *(noun)* – written law.  
    *The statute was passed last year.*
17. **technical** *(adj)* – related to technology or skills.  
    *He gave a technical explanation.*
18. **veteran** *(noun)* – experienced person; ex-soldier.  
    *He is a veteran of the war.*
19. **villain** *(noun)* – bad character.  
    *The villain planned to destroy the city.*
20. **vine** *(noun)* – climbing plant.  
    *Grapes grow on a vine.*